

# Safety Data Sheet

## hydrogen chloride

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH) with its amendment Regulation (EU) 2020/878

Reference number: D-HCl-069

Issue date: 4/1/2015 Revision date: 11/16/2023 Supersedes version of: 1/5/2023 Version: 4.3

### Danger



## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

### 1.1. Product identifier

Trade name	:	hydrogen chloride
SDS no	:	D-HCl-069
Other means of identification	:	hydrogen chloride
	CAS-No.	: 7647-01-0
	EC-No.	: 231-595-7
	EC Index-No.	: 017-002-00-2
REACH registration No	:	01-2119484862-27
Chemical formula	:	HCl

### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	:	See the list of identified uses and exposure scenarios in the annex of the safety data sheet. Perform risk assessment prior to use.
Uses advised against	:	Consumer use. Uses other than those listed above are not supported, contact your supplier for more information on other uses.

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Messer Industriegase GmbH  
Messer- Platz 1  
D - 65812 Bad Soden am Taunus  
Germany  
T +49 (0) 6196 7760-200 - F +49 (0) 6196 7760-280  
[SDB.de@messergroup.com](mailto:SDB.de@messergroup.com) - [www.messer.de](http://www.messer.de)

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number	:	Messer Produktionsgesellschaft mbH Salzgitter, +49 (0) 5341 21-9333, erreichbar Montags 0:00 bis Sonntags 24:00
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## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Physical hazards	Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas	H280
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1, Sub-Category 1A	H314
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1	H318
	Acute toxicity (inhal.), Category 3	H331

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### 2.2. Label elements

#### Labelling according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]

Hazard pictograms (CLP) :



Signal word (CLP) :

Danger

Hazard statements (CLP) :

H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.  
H331 - Toxic if inhaled.  
EUH071 - Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

Precautionary statements (CLP)

- Prevention

: P280 - Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves.  
P260 - Do not breathe gas, vapours.

- Response

: P303+P361+P353+P315 - IF ON SKIN : (or hair) Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. Get immediate medical advice.  
P304+P340+P315 - IF INHALED : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get immediate medical advice / attention.  
P305+P351+P338+P315 - IF IN EYES : Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get immediate medical advice.

- Storage

: P405 - Store locked up.  
P403 - Store in a well-ventilated place.

### 2.3. Other hazards

Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.1. Substances

Name	Product identifier	%	Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]
hydrogen chloride	CAS-No.: 7647-01-0 EC-No.: 231-595-7 EC Index-No.: 017-002-00-2 REACH registration No: 01-2119484862-27	100	Press. Gas (Liq.), H280 Skin Corr. 1A, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation), H331

Name	Product identifier	Specific concentration limits
hydrogen chloride	CAS-No.: 7647-01-0 EC-No.: 231-595-7 EC Index-No.: 017-002-00-2 REACH registration No: 01-2119484862-27	( 1 ≤ C ≤ 100) STOT SE 3, H335

Contains no other components or impurities which will influence the classification of the product.

### 3.2. Mixtures

Not applicable

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

- Inhalation : Remove victim to uncontaminated area wearing self contained breathing apparatus. Keep victim warm and rested. Call a doctor. Perform cardiopulmonary resuscitation if breathing stopped.
- Skin contact : Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. In case of frostbite spray with water for at least 15 minutes. Apply a sterile dressing. Obtain medical assistance.
- Eye contact : Immediately flush eyes thoroughly with water for at least 15 minutes.
- Ingestion : Ingestion is not considered a potential route of exposure.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

May cause severe chemical burns to skin and cornea. Suitable first-aid treatment should be immediately available. Seek medical advice before using product.  
Material is destructive to tissue of the mucuous membranes and upper respiratory tract.  
Cough, shortness of breath, headache, nausea.  
See section 11.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Obtain medical assistance.  
Treat with corticosteroid spray as soon as possible after inhalation.

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media : Water spray or fog.  
Product does not burn, use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use water jet to extinguish.

### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Specific hazards : Exposure to fire may cause containers to rupture/explode.
- Hazardous combustion products : None that are more hazardous than the product itself.

### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

- Specific methods : Use fire control measures appropriate for the surrounding fire. Exposure to fire and heat radiation may cause gas receptacles to rupture. Cool endangered receptacles with water spray jet from a protected position. Prevent water used in emergency cases from entering sewers and drainage systems.  
If possible, stop flow of product.  
Use water spray or fog to knock down fire fumes if possible.  
Move containers away from the fire area if this can be done without risk.
- Special protective equipment for fire fighters : Wear gas tight chemically protective clothing in combination with self contained breathing apparatus.  
Standard EN 943-2: Protective clothing against liquid and gaseous chemicals, aerosols and solid particles. Gas-tight chemical protective suits for emergency teams.  
Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.

### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel
- : Act in accordance with local emergency plan.
  - Try to stop release.
  - Evacuate area.
  - Ensure adequate air ventilation.
  - Prevent from entering sewers, basements and workpits, or any place where its accumulation can be dangerous.
  - Stay upwind.
  - See section 8 of the SDS for more information on personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders
- : Wear self-contained breathing apparatus when entering area unless atmosphere is proved to be safe.
  - Use chemically protective clothing.
  - Monitor concentration of released product.
  - See section 5.3 of the SDS for more information.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

- Reduce vapour with fog or fine water spray.
- Try to stop release.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

- Hose down area with water.
- Wash contaminated equipment or sites of leaks with copious quantities of water.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

- See also sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7: Handling and storage

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

- Safe use of the product
- : Avoid contact with aluminium.
  - Use only properly specified equipment which is suitable for this product, its supply pressure and temperature. Contact your gas supplier if in doubt.
  - Avoid exposure, obtain special instructions before use.
  - Do not smoke while handling product.
  - Avoid suck back of water, acid and alkalis.
  - Only experienced and properly instructed persons should handle gases under pressure.
  - Ensure the complete gas system was (or is regularly) checked for leaks before use.
  - Installation of a cross purge assembly between the container and the regulator is recommended.
  - Purge system with dry inert gas (e.g. helium or nitrogen) before gas is introduced and when system is placed out of service.
  - The product must be handled in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.
  - Consider pressure relief device(s) in gas installations.
  - Do not breathe gas.
  - Avoid release of product into work area.
  - Use only lubricants and sealings approved for the specific gas service.

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### Safe handling of the gas receptacle

- : Refer to supplier's container handling instructions.
- Do not allow backfeed into the container.
- Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide or drop.
- When moving cylinders, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport cylinders.
- Leave valve protection caps in place until the container has been secured against either a wall or bench or placed in a container stand and is ready for use.
- If user experiences any difficulty operating valve discontinue use and contact supplier.
- Never attempt to repair or modify container valves or safety relief devices.
- Damaged valves should be reported immediately to the supplier.
- Keep container valve outlets clean and free from contaminants particularly oil and water.
- Replace valve outlet caps or plugs and container caps where supplied as soon as container is disconnected from equipment.
- Close container valve after each use and when empty, even if still connected to equipment.
- Never attempt to transfer gases from one cylinder/container to another.
- Never use direct flame or electrical heating devices to raise the pressure of a container.
- Do not remove or deface labels provided by the supplier for the identification of the content of the container.
- Suck back of water into the container must be prevented.
- Open valve slowly to avoid pressure shock.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

- Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers.
- Containers should not be stored in conditions likely to encourage corrosion.
- Container valve guards or caps should be in place.
- Containers should be stored in the vertical position and properly secured to prevent them from falling over.
- Stored containers should be periodically checked for general condition and leakage.
- Keep container below 50°C in a well ventilated place.
- Store containers in location free from fire risk and away from sources of heat and ignition.
- Keep away from combustible materials.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

None.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

### 8.1. Control parameters

hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)	
Germany - Occupational Exposure Limits (TRGS 900)	
Local name	Hydrogenchlorid
AGW (OEL TWA) [1]	3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
AGW (OEL TWA) [2]	2 ppm
Peak exposure limitation factor	2(I)
Remark	DFG - Senatskommission zur Prüfung gesundheitsschädlicher Arbeitsstoffe der DFG (MAK-Kommission); EU - Europäische Union (Von der EU wurde ein Luftgrenzwert festgelegt: Abweichungen bei Wert und Spitzenbegrenzung sind möglich); Y - Ein Risiko der Fruchtschädigung braucht bei Einhaltung des Arbeitsplatzgrenzwertes und des biologischen Grenzwertes (BGW) nicht befürchtet zu werden
Regulatory reference	TRGS900

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hydrogen chloride (7647-01-0)	
DNEL: Derived no effect level (Workers)	
Acute - local effects, inhalation	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
Long-term - local effects, inhalation	8 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

PNEC (Predicted No-Effect Concentration) : None established.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

#### 8.2.1. Appropriate engineering controls

Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation.  
Product to be handled in a closed system.  
Systems under pressure should be regularly checked for leakages.  
Ensure exposure is below occupational exposure limits (where available).  
Gas detectors should be used when toxic gases may be released.  
Consider the use of a work permit system e.g. for maintenance activities.

#### 8.2.2. Individual protection measures, e.g. personal protective equipment

A risk assessment should be conducted and documented in each work area to assess the risks related to the use of the product and to select the PPE that matches the relevant risk.

The following recommendations should be considered:

PPE compliant to the recommended EN/ISO standards should be selected.

• Eye/face protection

: Wear goggles and a face shield when transfilling or breaking transfer connections.  
Provide readily accessible eye wash stations and safety showers.  
Standard EN 166 - Personal eye-protection - specifications.

• Skin protection  
- Hand protection

: Wear working gloves when handling gas containers.  
Wear chemically resistant protective gloves.  
Standard EN 374 - Protective gloves against chemicals.  
Standard EN 388 - Protective gloves against mechanical risks, performance level 1 or higher.  
Permeation time: minimum >480min long term exposure: material / thickness [mm]  
Chloroprene rubber (CR) 0,5.  
Consult glove manufacturer's product information on material suitability and material thickness.

- Other

The breakthrough time of the selected gloves must be greater than the intended use period.  
Standard EN 511 - Cold insulating gloves.  
: Keep suitable chemically resistant protective clothing readily available for emergency use.  
Standard EN943-1 - Full protective suits against liquid, solid and gaseous chemicals.  
Wear safety shoes while handling containers.  
Standard EN ISO 20345 - Personal protective equipment - Safety footwear.

• Respiratory protection

: Recommended: Filter E (yellow).  
Keep self contained breathing apparatus readily available for emergency use.  
Self contained breathing apparatus is recommended, where unknown exposure may be expected, e.g. during maintenance activities on installation systems.  
Gas filters may be used if all surrounding conditions e.g. type and concentration of the contaminant(s) and duration of use are known.  
Use gas filters with full face mask, where exposure limits may be exceeded for a short-term period, e.g. connecting or disconnecting containers.  
Gas filters do not protect against oxygen deficiency.  
Standard EN 14387 - Gas filter(s), combined filter(s) and standard EN136, full face masks .  
Standard EN 137 - Self-contained open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus with full face mask.

• Thermal hazards

: None in addition to the above sections.

#### 8.2.3. Environmental exposure controls

Refer to local regulations for restriction of emissions to the atmosphere. See section 13 for specific methods for waste gas treatment.

### SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	
- Physical state at 20°C / 101.3kPa	: Gas.
- Colour	: Gives off white fumes in moist air. Colourless.
Odour	: Pungent.
Melting point / Freezing point	: -114 °C
Boiling point	: -85 °C
Flammability	: Non flammable.
Lower explosion limit	: Not applicable.
Upper explosion limit	: Not applicable.
Flash point	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Non flammable.
Decomposition temperature	: Not applicable.
pH	: If dissolved in water pH-value will be affected.
Viscosity, kinematic	: No reliable data available.
Water solubility [20°C]	: 720000 mg/l
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Kow)	: Not applicable for inorganic products.
Vapour pressure [20°C]	: 42.6 bar(a)
Vapour pressure [50°C]	: 80.6 bar(a)
Density and/or relative density	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.
Relative vapour density (air=1)	: 1.3
Particle characteristics	: Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures. Nanoforms are not relevant for gases and gas mixtures.

#### 9.2. Other information

##### 9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Oxidising properties	: No oxidising properties.
Critical temperature [°C]	: 51.4 °C

##### 9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Molar mass	: 36.5 g/mol
Other data	: Gas/vapour heavier than air. May accumulate in confined spaces, particularly at or below ground level.

### SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No reactivity hazard other than the effects described in sub-sections below.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid moisture in installation systems.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

May react violently with alkalis.  
Reacts with most metals in the presence of moisture, liberating hydrogen, an extremely flammable gas.  
With water causes rapid corrosion of some metals.  
Reacts with water to form corrosive acids.  
Moisture.  
For additional information on compatibility refer to ISO 11114.

### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity : Toxic if inhaled.

LC50 Inhalation - Rat [ppm]	1405 ppm/4h
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Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
 Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye damage.  
 Respiratory or skin sensitisation : No known effects from this product.  
 Germ cell mutagenicity : No known effects from this product.  
 Carcinogenicity : No known effects from this product.  
 Toxic for reproduction : Fertility : No known effects from this product.  
 Toxic for reproduction : unborn child : No known effects from this product.  
 STOT-single exposure : Severe corrosion to the respiratory tract at high concentrations.  
 STOT-repeated exposure : No known effects from this product.  
 Target organ(s) : Central nervous system.  
 Aspiration hazard : Not applicable for gases and gas mixtures.

### 11.2. Information on other hazards

Other information : Delayed fatal pulmonary oedema possible.  
 The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1. Toxicity

Assessment : Classification criteria are not met.  
 EC50 48h - Daphnia magna [mg/l] : 0.45 mg/l  
 EC50 72h - Algae [mg/l] : 0.73 mg/l  
 LC50 96 h - Fish [mg/l] : 20.5 mg/l

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

Assessment : Not applicable for inorganic products.

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Assessment : No data available.  
 Product is an inorganic gas with a low potential to bioaccumulate in aquatic species.

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

Assessment : Because of its high volatility, the product is unlikely to cause ground or water pollution.  
 Partition into soil is unlikely.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Assessment : Not classified as PBT or vPvB.

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Assessment : The substance/mixture has no endocrine disrupting properties.

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : May cause pH changes in aqueous ecological systems.  
 Effect on the ozone layer : No effect on the ozone layer.  
 Effect on global warming : No known effects from this product.



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### SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Gas may be scrubbed in alkaline solution under controlled conditions to avoid violent reaction.

Contact supplier if guidance is required.

Ensure that the emission levels from local regulations or operating permits are not exceeded.

Refer to the EIGA code of practice Doc.30 "Disposal of Gases", downloadable at <http://www.eiga.eu> for more guidance on suitable disposal methods.

Must not be discharged to atmosphere.

Return unused product in original container to supplier.

List of hazardous waste codes (from Commission Decision 2000/532/EC as amended)

: 16 05 04 \*: Gases in pressure containers (including halons) containing hazardous substances.

#### 13.2. Additional information

External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

### SECTION 14: Transport information

#### 14.1. UN number or ID number

In accordance with ADR / RID / IMDG / IATA / ADN  
UN-No.

: 1050

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)

: HYDROGEN CHLORIDE, ANHYDROUS

Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

: Hydrogen chloride, anhydrous

Transport by sea (IMDG)

: HYDROGEN CHLORIDE, ANHYDROUS

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Labelling



2.3 : Toxic gases.

8 : Corrosive substances.

#### Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID)

Class : 2  
Classification code : 2TC  
Hazard identification number : 268  
Tunnel Restriction : C/D - Tank carriage : Passage forbidden through tunnels of category C, D and E. Other carriage : Passage forbidden through tunnels of category D and E

#### Transport by sea (IMDG)

Class / Div. (Sub. risk(s)) : 2.3 (8)  
Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Fire : F-C  
Emergency Schedule (EmS) - Spillage : S-U

#### 14.4. Packing group

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) : Not applicable.  
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : Not applicable.  
Transport by sea (IMDG) : Not applicable.

#### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) : None.  
Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR) : None.  
Transport by sea (IMDG) : None.

### 14.6. Special precautions for user

#### **Packing Instruction(s)**

Transport by road/rail (ADR/RID) : P200.

Transport by air (ICAO-TI / IATA-DGR)

Passenger and Cargo Aircraft : Forbidden.

Cargo Aircraft only : Forbidden.

Transport by sea (IMDG) : P200.

Special transport precautions

: Avoid transport on vehicles where the load space is not separated from the driver's compartment.

Ensure vehicle driver is aware of the potential hazards of the load and knows what to do in the event of an accident or an emergency.

Before transporting product containers:

- Ensure there is adequate ventilation.

- Ensure that containers are firmly secured.

- Ensure valve is closed and not leaking.

- Ensure valve outlet cap nut or plug (where provided) is correctly fitted.

- Ensure valve protection device (where provided) is correctly fitted.

### 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Not applicable.

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### **EU-Regulations**

Restrictions on use : None.

Other information, restriction and prohibition regulations : Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Gesetz zum Schutz der arbeitenden Jugend (Jugendarbeitsschutzgesetz-JArbSchG)

Betriebsicherheitsverordnung-BetrSichV

TRBS 3145/TRGS 745 - Ortsbewegliche Druckgasbehälter – Füllen, Bereithalten, innerbetriebliche Beförderung, Entleeren

TRGS 510 - Lagerung von Gefahrstoffen in ortsbeweglichen Behältern

TRGS 407 - Tätigkeiten mit Gasen – Gefährdungsbeurteilung

TRBS 2141 - Gefährdungen durch Dampf und Druck - Allgemeine Anforderungen.

Gesetz zum Schutz von Müttern bei der Arbeit, in der Ausbildung und im Studium (Mutterschutzgesetz – MuSchG)

Verordnung über Verbote und Beschränkungen des Inverkehrbringens gefährlicher Stoffe, Zubereitungen und Erzeugnisse nach dem Chemikaliengesetz (Chemikalien-Verbotsverordnung-ChemVerbotsV) .

Zwölfte Verordnung zur Durchführung des Bundes-Immissionsschutzgesetzes (12.

BlmSchV-Störfall-Verordnung).

Vierte Verordnung zur Durchführung des Bundes-Immissionsschutzgesetzes (Verordnung über genehmigungsbedürftige Anlagen - 4. BlmSchV) Anhang 2 Stoffliste zu Nr. 9.3 des Anhangs 1.

Classification for storage according to TRGS 510: 2A Gase (ohne Aerosolpackungen und Feuerzeuge).

TA Luft.

Not listed on the PIC list (Regulation EU 649/2012).

Not listed on the POP list (Regulation EU 2019/1021).

Seveso Directive : 2012/18/EU (Seveso III) : Listed.

#### **National regulations**

Water hazard class (WGK) : 1 - Slightly hazardous to water.

Kenn-Nr. : 238

Regulatory reference : Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A CSA has been carried out.

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### SECTION 16: Other information

- Indication of changes : Revised safety data sheet in accordance with commission regulation (EU) No 2020/878.
- Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE - Acute Toxicity Estimate.  
CLP - Classification Labelling Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.  
REACH - Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006.  
EINECS - European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances.  
CAS# - Chemical Abstract Service number.  
PPE - Personal Protection Equipment.  
LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population.  
RMM - Risk Management Measures.  
PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic.  
vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative.  
STOT- SE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure.  
CSA - Chemical Safety Assessment.  
EN - European Standard.  
UN - United Nations.  
ADR - European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.  
IATA - International Air Transport Association.  
IMDG code - International Maritime Dangerous Goods.  
RID - Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail.  
WGK - Water Hazard Class.  
STOT - RE : Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure.  
UFI : Unique Formula Identifier.
- Training advice : Users of breathing apparatus must be trained.  
Ensure operators understand the toxicity hazard.
- Further information : Classification in accordance with the procedures and calculation methods of Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP).  
Key literature references and sources of data are maintained in EIGA doc 169 : 'Classification and Labelling Guide', downloadable at <http://www.Eiga.eu> .

Full text of H- and EUH-statements	
Acute Tox. 3 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhal.), Category 3
EUH071	Corrosive to the respiratory tract.
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Category 1
H280	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
Press. Gas (Liq.)	Gases under pressure : Liquefied gas
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation, Category 1, Sub-Category 1A
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation

- DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY : Before using this product in any new process or experiment, a thorough material compatibility and safety study should be carried out.  
Details given in this document are believed to be correct at the time of going to press.  
Whilst proper care has been taken in the preparation of this document, no liability for injury or damage resulting from its use can be accepted.

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## Annex to the safety data sheet

This Annex documents the Exposure Scenarios (ESs) related to the identified uses of the registered substance. The ESs detail protective measures for workers and the environment in addition to those described in sections 7, 8, 11, 12 and 13 of the SDS that are required to ensure that the potential exposure to workers and the environment remains within acceptable levels for each of the identified uses.

### Table of contents of the Annex

Identified Uses	Es N°	Short title	Page
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Electronic component manufacture	EIGA069-1	Industrial uses, closed contained conditions	13
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Feedstock in chemical processes	EIGA069-1	Industrial uses, closed contained conditions	13
Catalytic regenerator	EIGA069-1	Industrial uses, closed contained conditions	13
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# Exposure scenario

## hydrogen chloride

Annex to the safety data sheet

Reference number: D-HCl-069

CAS-No.: 7647-01-0 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

### 1. EIGA069-1: Industrial uses, closed contained conditions

#### 1.1. Title section

#### Industrial uses, closed contained conditions

ES Ref.: EIGA069-1  
Revision date: 10/1/2016

Processes, tasks, activities covered	Industrial uses, including product transfers and associated laboratory activities within different closed or contained systems
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Environment	Use descriptors
CS1	ERC1, ERC2, ERC4, ERC6a, ERC6b, ERC8d

Worker	Use descriptors
CS2	PROC1
CS3	PROC2
CS4	PROC8b

Assessment method	ECETOC TRA 2.0
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#### 1.2. Conditions of use affecting exposure

##### 1.2.1. Control of environmental exposure: ERC1, ERC2, ERC4, ERC6a, ERC6b, ERC8d

ERC1	Manufacture of the substance
ERC2	Formulation into mixture
ERC4	Use of non-reactive processing aid at industrial site (no inclusion into or onto article)
ERC6a	Use of intermediate
ERC6b	Use of reactive processing aid at industrial site (no inclusion into or onto article)
ERC8d	Widespread use of non-reactive processing aid (no inclusion into or onto article, outdoor)

Product (article) characteristics	
Physical form of product	See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information
Concentration of substance in product	≤ 100 %

Amount used, frequency and duration of use (or from service life)	
The actual tonnage handled per site is not considered to influence the immissions as such for this scenario as there is practically no release	
Emission Days (days/year)	260

# Exposure scenario

## hydrogen chloride

Annex to the safety data sheet

Reference number: D-HCl-069

CAS-No.: 7647-01-0 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

Technical and organisational conditions and measures	
Use appropriate abatement systems to ensure that the emission levels defined by local regulations are not exceeded.	
Soil emission controls are not applicable as there is no direct release to soil	
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise releases	

Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant	
Substance will dissociate upon contact with water, only the pH is affected, therefore after passing through the STP exposure is considered negligible and with no risk	

Conditions and measures related to treatment of waste (including article waste)	
See section 13 of the SDS	

Other conditions affecting environmental exposure	
No additional information	

### 1.2.2. Control of worker exposure: PROC1

PROC1	Chemical production or refinery in closed process without likelihood of exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions
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Product (article) characteristics	
Physical form of product	See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information
Concentration of substance in product	≤ 100 %

Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure	
The actual tonnage handled per shift is not considered to influence the exposure as such for this scenario. Instead, the combination of the scale of operation and level of containment/automation (as reflected in the technical conditions) is the main determinant of the process-intrinsic emission potential.	
Exposure duration	≤ 8 h/day
Covers frequency up to:	5 days/week

Technical and organisational conditions and measures	
Handle product within a closed system	
Apply a good standard of general or controlled ventilation when maintenance activities are carried out.	
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure	
Ensure supervision is in place to check that the RMMs are in place and are being used correctly and that the OCs are being followed	

# Exposure scenario

## hydrogen chloride

Annex to the safety data sheet

Reference number: D-HCl-069

CAS-No.: 7647-01-0 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

See section 8 of the SDS.

### Other conditions affecting workers exposure

Indoor use

### 1.2.3. Control of worker exposure: PROC2

PROC2

Chemical production or refinery in closed continuous process with occasional controlled exposure or processes with equivalent containment conditions

### Product (article) characteristics

Physical form of product

See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information

Concentration of substance in product

≤ 100 %

### Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure

The actual tonnage handled per shift is not considered to influence the exposure as such for this scenario. Instead, the combination of the scale of operation and level of containment/automation (as reflected in the technical conditions) is the main determinant of the process-intrinsic emission potential.

Exposure duration

≤ 8 h/day

Covers frequency up to:

5 days/week

### Technical and organisational conditions and measures

Handle product within a closed system

Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour)

During indoor processes or in cases where natural ventilation is not sufficient, LEV should be in place at points where emissions could occur. Outdoor, LEV is not generally required.

Ensure samples are obtained under containment or extract ventilation.

Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.

Apply a good standard of general or controlled ventilation when maintenance activities are carried out.

Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure

Ensure supervision is in place to check that the RMMs are in place and are being used correctly and that the OCs are being followed

### Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Mandatory since the product is corrosive

Personal protection measures have to be applied in case of potential exposure only.

Wear gloves providing a minimum efficiency of (%):

95

# Exposure scenario

## hydrogen chloride

Annex to the safety data sheet

Reference number: D-HCl-069

CAS-No.: 7647-01-0 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

Use suitable eye protection	
Wear suitable face shield	
Wear suitable working clothes	
Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin	
If inhalative exposure above the occupational exposure limit cannot be excluded, adequate respiratory protection equipment must be used.	
See section 8 of the SDS.	

Other conditions affecting workers exposure	
Indoor use	

### 1.2.4. Control of worker exposure: PROC8b

PROC8b	Transfer of substance or mixture (charging and discharging) at dedicated facilities
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Product (article) characteristics	
Physical form of product	See section 9 of the SDS, No additional information
Concentration of substance in product	≤ 100 %

Amount used (or contained in articles), frequency and duration of use/exposure	
The actual tonnage handled per shift is not considered to influence the exposure as such for this scenario. Instead, the combination of the scale of operation and level of containment/automation (as reflected in the technical conditions) is the main determinant of the process-intrinsic emission potential.	
Exposure duration	≤ 4 h/day
Covers frequency up to:	5 days/week

Technical and organisational conditions and measures	
Handle product within a closed system	
Provide a good standard of controlled ventilation (10 to 15 air changes per hour)	
During indoor processes or in cases where natural ventilation is not sufficient, LEV should be in place at points where emissions could occur. Outdoor, LEV is not generally required.	
Ensure samples are obtained under containment or extract ventilation.	
Fill containers at dedicated fill points supplied with local extract ventilation.	
Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance.	
Apply a good standard of general or controlled ventilation when maintenance activities are carried out.	
Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposure	
Ensure supervision is in place to check that the RMMs are in place and are being used correctly and that the OCs are being followed	



# Exposure scenario

## hydrogen chloride

Annex to the safety data sheet

Reference number: D-HCl-069

CAS-No.: 7647-01-0 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation	
Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Mandatory since the product is corrosive	Personal protection measures have to be applied in case of potential exposure only.
Wear gloves providing a minimum efficiency of (%):	95
Use suitable eye protection	
Wear suitable face shield	
Wear suitable working clothes	
Wear suitable coveralls to prevent exposure to the skin	
If inhalative exposure above the occupational exposure limit cannot be excluded, adequate respiratory protection equipment must be used.	
See section 8 of the SDS.	

Other conditions affecting workers exposure	
Indoor use	

### 1.3. Exposure estimation and reference to its source

#### 1.3.1. Environmental release and exposure: ERC1, ERC2, ERC4, ERC6a, ERC6b, ERC8d

Qualitative approach used to conclude safe use
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#### 1.3.2. Worker exposure: PROC1

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	Assessment conditions	RCR
Dermal - Long-term - systemic effects		Since the product has corrosive properties, dermal exposure has to be minimised as far as technically feasible. A DNEL for dermal effects has not been derived. Thus, dermal exposure is not assessed in this exposure scenario	
Dermal - Acute - systemic effects		Since the product has corrosive properties, dermal exposure has to be minimised as far as technically feasible. A DNEL for dermal effects has not been derived. Thus, dermal exposure is not assessed in this exposure scenario	
Acute - Local - Inhalation	0.03 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		0.002
Long term - Local - Inhalation	0.015 mg/m <sup>3</sup>		0.002

#### 1.3.3. Worker exposure: PROC2

# Exposure scenario

## hydrogen chloride

Annex to the safety data sheet

Reference number: D-HCl-069

CAS-No.: 7647-01-0 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	Assessment conditions	RCR
Dermal - Long-term - systemic effects		Since the product has corrosive properties, dermal exposure has to be minimised as far as technically feasible. A DNEL for dermal effects has not been derived. Thus, dermal exposure is not assessed in this exposure scenario	
Dermal - Acute - systemic effects		Since the product has corrosive properties, dermal exposure has to be minimised as far as technically feasible. A DNEL for dermal effects has not been derived. Thus, dermal exposure is not assessed in this exposure scenario	
Acute - Local - Inhalation	13.69 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Indoor use, With LEV90%	0.913
Long term - Local - Inhalation	4.11 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Indoor use, With LEV90%	0.514

### 1.3.4. Worker exposure: PROC8b

Route of exposure and type of effects	Exposure estimate	Assessment conditions	RCR
Dermal - Long-term - systemic effects		Since the product has corrosive properties, dermal exposure has to be minimised as far as technically feasible. A DNEL for dermal effects has not been derived. Thus, dermal exposure is not assessed in this exposure scenario	
Dermal - Acute - systemic effects		Since the product has corrosive properties, dermal exposure has to be minimised as far as technically feasible. A DNEL for dermal effects has not been derived. Thus, dermal exposure is not assessed in this exposure scenario	
Acute - Local - Inhalation	13.69 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Indoor use, With LEV90%	0.913
Long term - Local - Inhalation	4.11 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Indoor use, With LEV90%	0.514

## 1.4. Guidance to Downstream User to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

### 1.4.1. Environment

Guidance - Environment	Check that RMMs and OCs are as described above or of equivalent efficiency
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# Exposure scenario

## hydrogen chloride

Annex to the safety data sheet

Reference number: D-HCl-069

CAS-No.: 7647-01-0 Product form: Substance Physical state: Gas

### 1.4.2. Health

Guidance - Health

Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. For scaling see : <http://www.ecetoc.org/tra>

**End of document**